

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. **(Currently Amended)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material into a host which comprises:

one or more packing units for containing a mixture solution containing a pool which comprises a plurality of a large number of magnetic supports carrying a biological material to be introduced into a host such as cells and having a size allowing entry into said host, and a plurality of large number of said hosts;

an introduction treatment unit which controls a magnetic force affecting the inside of said packing unit from at least two directions with said packing unit therebetween so as to move said magnetic supports relatively with respect to said hosts in solution to introduce said biological material into said hosts

wherein said introduction treatment unit moves said magnetic supports and said host relative to each other in a state where the large number plurality of said magnetic supports in the solution contained in said packing unit are developed in solution by the magnetic force, in a planar form, and controls so as to move said magnetic supports in the normal direction of the developed surface

wherein said introduction treatment unit has: a magnetic source which can apply a magnetic force to the inside of said packing unit; and a magnetic force control unit which controls said magnetic supports to move relatively with respect to said host, by changing the relative position or the velocity between said packing unit or said mixture solution and said magnetic source, or the magnetic force itself due to said magnetic source, and

wherein said packing unit has a liquid passage through which said mixture solution can pass, and has a pressure adjuster which draws and discharges the solution by adjusting the pressure in said liquid passage, as said magnetic force control unit.

2. **(Cancelled)**
3. **(Cancelled)**

4. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, wherein said magnetic support is a particle having a major axis and a size allowing entry into said host along a major axis direction.

5. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein an introduction adjuvant for helping to introduce a biological material into said host is contained in said packing unit together with said biological material.

6. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 5, wherein said magnetic support has a carrier for carrying said biological material.

7. **(Original)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 4, wherein in said magnetic support, both ends or one end along said major axis are formed in a tapered shape.

8. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 7, wherein said introduction treatment unit performs introduction treatment based on the properties, the amount, or the density of said host, said biological material, or said magnetic support.

9. **(Cancelled)**

10. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, provided with a transfer mechanism which enables relative movement between said packing unit and the position of the introduction treatment where said introduction treatment unit can perform the introduction treatment with respect to said packing unit.

11. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, wherein said magnetic source comprises a plurality of electromagnets provided around said packing unit, and said magnetic force control unit electrically modifies the magnitude of the magnetic force of said electromagnets.

12. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, having a plurality of permanent magnet blocks or electromagnets serving as said magnetic source which are movably provided around said packing unit, and said magnetic force control unit moves said magnetic sources with respect to said packing unit.

13. **(Currently Amended)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, wherein said magnetic source is an annular magnet having predetermined magnetic

poles which are arranged around said packing unit in a circular tubular shape, and said magnetic force control unit has: a magnetic source transfer unit which enables movement of said magnetic source along the radial direction, axial direction, and the circumferential direction of said packing unit; or a packing unit transfer unit which enables movement of said packing unit; or a mixture solution transfer unit which moves the mixture solution.

14. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, wherein a plurality of said packing units are arranged along a horizontal line, and said introduction treatment unit has: two linear magnetic sources provided with said packing unit therebetween, along said horizontal line, and having magnetic poles provided respectively in positions corresponding to the respective packing units; and a magnetic force control unit which enables relative movement between said magnetic supports and said host by changing the relative position between said packing unit or said mixture solution and said linear magnetic sources, or changing the magnetic force itself due to said linear magnetic sources.

15. **(Original)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 14, wherein said linear magnetic source has two linear support bodies provided on opposite sides with said arrayed packing units therebetween, along said horizontal line, and a plurality of permanent magnets or electromagnets arranged at intervals and positions corresponding to the respective packing units, in said linear support bodies.

16. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 14 or claim 15, wherein each of said packing units has a liquid passage through which a mixture solution can pass, and a pressure adjuster which draws and discharges the solution by adjusting the pressure in the liquid passage.

17. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, wherein said introduction treatment unit has a magnetic separation unit whereby hosts having said magnetic support introduced thereto, are attached to the inner wall of said packing unit and separated from the mixture solution in said packing unit, by controlling said magnetic force applied to the inside of said packing unit.

18. **(Original)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 17, wherein said magnetic separation unit has a separation instruction unit which instructs said

magnetic force control unit to apply only a unidirectional magnetic force towards the wall of said packing unit.

19. (Withdrawn) A method of introducing a biological material comprising: a mixing step wherein a large number of magnetic supports carrying a biological material to be introduced into a host such as a cell, and a large number of said hosts are mixed in a solution to make a mixture solution, which is then put into one or more packing units; and an introduction treatment step wherein said magnetic supports are moved relatively with respect to said host by controlling a magnetic force applied to said packing unit from at least two directions with said packing unit therebetween, so as to introduce said biological material into said host.

20. (Withdrawn) A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 19, wherein in said introduction treatment step, said magnetic supports and said host are moved relatively to each other by changing the relative position or the velocity between said packing unit or said mixture solution and said magnetic field, or the magnetic force itself.

21. (Withdrawn) A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 19 or claim 20, wherein in said introduction treatment step, said magnetic supports and said host are moved relatively to each other in a state where a large number of said magnetic supports in the solution contained in said packing unit are developed in solution by the magnetic force.

22. (Withdrawn) A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 19, wherein said introduction treatment step uses a magnetic support being a particle having one major axis, and having a size allowing entry into a host along the major axis direction, and moves said magnetic support to enter said host so as to introduce the biological material.

23. (Withdrawn) A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 19, comprising a separation step after said introduction treatment step wherein said host having said magnetic support entered thereinto or adhered thereto is attached to the inner wall of said packing unit and separated, by controlling the magnetic force inside of said packing unit.

24. (Withdrawn) A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 19, wherein said mixing step mixes said magnetic support and said biological material to be introduced into said host in solution, so that said biological material is carried in said magnetic support.

25. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 23, comprising a culturing step wherein after said separation step, in a state where the separated hosts having said magnetic support adhered thereto or entered thereinto are pooled in said packing unit, said hosts are relatively moved to inside a container containing a medium and said hosts are pooled in said container and cultured.

26. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 25, wherein in said culturing step, said hosts having the magnetic support entered thereinto or adhered thereto are separated and removed from the cultured hosts by applying a magnetic force, so as to exclusively obtain purely cultured hosts.

27. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material comprising: an introduction step for making magnetic supports carrying said biological material to be introduced into said host collide or encounter with said host using a magnetic force so as to introduce said biological material into said host; a separation step for separating the host having said magnetic support entered thereinto or adhered thereto; a culturing step for culturing said host using said separated host; and an extraction step for extracting a purely cultured host by separating the host which initially has said magnetic support entered thereinto or adhered thereto, from inside the cultured host.

28. **(Withdrawn)** A magnetic support for introducing a biological material, which is a magnetic support in a particle shape having one major axis, and capable of carrying biological material to be introduced into a host such as a cell, having a size allowing entry into said host along the major axis direction, and being magnetized or magnetizable in the major axis direction.

29. **(Withdrawn)** A magnetic support for introducing a biological material according to claim 28, wherein said magnetic support has a carrier for carrying said biological material.

30. **(Withdrawn)** A magnetic support for introducing a biological material according to claim 27 or claim 28, wherein in said magnetic support, both ends or one end along a major axis are formed in a tapered shape.

31. **(Currently Amended)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material into a host comprising;

one or more packing units for containing a mixture solution which comprises a plurality a large-number-of magnetic supports carrying a biological material to be introduced into a host

such as a cell and having a size allowing entry into said host, and a plurality a large number of said hosts;

an introduction treatment unit which moves said magnetic supports relatively with respect to said hosts in the solution by controlling a magnetic force applied to inside said packing unit from at least two directions with said packing unit therebetween so as to introduce said biological material into said hosts; and

a perforation treatment unit which perforates said host,

wherein said introduction treatment unit moves said magnetic supports and said host relatively to each other in a state where a plurality a large number of said magnetic supports in the solution contained in said packing unit are developed in solution by the magnetic force, in a planar form, and controls so as to move said magnetic supports in the normal direction of the developed surface.

wherein said introduction treatment unit has; a magnetic source which can apply a magnetic force to the inside of said packing unit; and a magnetic force control unit which controls said magnetic supports to move relatively with respect to said host, by changing the relative position or the velocity between said packing unit or said mixture solution and said magnetic source, or the magnetic force itself due to said magnetic source, and

wherein said packing unit has a liquid passage through which said mixture solution can pass, and has a pressure adjuster which draws and discharges the solution by adjusting the pressure in said liquid passage, as said magnetic force control unit.

32. (Original) An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 31, wherein said introduction treatment unit comprises: a magnetic source which can apply a magnetic force to the inside of said packing unit; and a magnetic force control unit which controls relative movement between said magnetic supports and said host by changing the relative position or the velocity between said packing unit or said mixture solution and said magnetic field, or the magnetic force itself due to said magnetic source.

33. (Original) An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 31, wherein said perforation treatment unit has: a perforation force source which can apply a perforation force by an electric field, or ultrasound, or the like; and a perforation force source control unit which controls said perforation force source.

34. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 31, wherein said perforation force source control unit controls the perforation force source based on the properties, the amount, or the density of said host, said biological material, or said magnetic support.

35. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 31, wherein said perforation force source control unit or said magnetic force control unit control the introduction treatment and the perforation treatment so as to be executed in spatial or time association with each other.

36. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 31, wherein said packing unit has a liquid passage through which said mixture solution can pass, and has a pressure adjuster which draws and discharges the solution by adjusting the pressure in said liquid passage, as said magnetic force control unit.

37. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material comprising: a mixing step wherein a large number of magnetic supports carrying a biological material to be introduced into a host such as a cell, and a large number of said hosts are mixed in a solution to make a mixture solution, which is then put into one or more packing units; a perforation treatment step which perforates said host such as a cell; and an introduction treatment step wherein said magnetic supports are moved relatively with respect to said host by controlling a magnetic force applied to said packing unit from at least two directions with said packing unit therebetween, so as to introduce said biological material into said host.

38. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 37, wherein said perforation treatment step is performed by applying a perforation force such as an electric field, ultrasound, or the like.

39. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 37 or claim 38, wherein said perforation treatment step applies the perforation force based on the properties, the amount, or the density of said host, said biological material, or said magnetic support.

40. **(Withdrawn)** A method of introducing a biological material according to claim 37, wherein said perforation treatment step and said introduction treatment step are executed in spatial or time association with each other.

41. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for introducing a biological material according to claim 1, which further comprises: a transfer device which separates and transfers a solution containing a host which has been treated by said introduction treatment unit, and has said magnetic support adhered thereto or entered thereinto, or a host having the magnetic support adhered thereto or entered thereinto; a container containing a medium; and a separation unit for separating said magnetic support contained in said container and the host having said magnetic support adhered thereto or entered thereinto.